1.	Subject	BIOCHEMISTRY 2					
2.	Code	OM 221					
3.	Study Program	General medicine					
4.	Organizing Institution (Unit,	UKIM-Facult	y of M	ledicine			
	Institute, Chair, Department)	bitute, Chair, Department) Department of biochemistry and Clinical Chemistry			ical		
5.	Educational degree (first or second cycle)	Integrated cycle					
6.	Study year /semester	Second/ IV	7.	Number of credits	5.5		
8.	Responsible teacher	Prof. Jasna Bo	ogdans	ka			
		The lectures are given by the professors, members of the Department of Biochemistry and Clinical Chemistry.					
9.	Preconditions: Signature from Biochemistry 1						
10.). Teaching goals of the study program (competencies): The student has:						
11	 ★ To know to recognize the basic chemical structures of the nucleic acid bases, of nucleotides and of nucleosides (both ribo-and deoxyribo-forms); ★ To describe the flow of genetic information (DNA→ proteins); naming the three types of RNAand their roles ★ To learn about the digestion and absorbtion of nutrients; ★ To learn about plasma proteins, immunoglobulins , biochemistry of the blood count elements, ★ To learn and explain the metabolism of water and electrolytes. ★ To describe signal transduction ★ To define hormones and hormone cascade system; introducingpeptide, amino acidderived hormones and steroid hormones and their role in signal transducing. ★ To be informed about the translocation of proteins in different cell compartments ★ To know to describe and explain the metabolic processes in the: kidney, liver, muscle, bone, blood, nervous system. 						
11.	Contents of the study program:						
	Theoretical course::						
	 Nucleic acid bases, of nucleotides and of nucleosides (both ribo-and deoxyribo-forms); Structure and function of the nucleic acids, protein synthesis, protein degradation, gene expression regulation; 						

★ Signal transduction, second messengers, tyrosine kinase, G-couopled protein receptors, JAK-Stat kinase, protein kinase G.

	 Horn mec Nuti Wat Trar Plas eryti Bioo Extr of th Free 	 Hormones, definition, chemical structure, biosynthesis, transport, degradation, mechanism of action, physiological effects. Nutrition Water metabolism, elektrolytes and acid-bas balance. Translocation of the proteins, importunes and exportines; Plasma proteins, immunoglobuline(s) and biochemical processes in the erythrocytes, leucocytes, thrombocytes, hemostasis. Biochemistry of different tissues: Liver, Kidneys, Nervous system; Extracellular matrix, collagen, elastin, laminin, bone, cartilage; Biochemistry of the muscle tissue and cytoskeleton. Frae radicals and metabolism of vanobiotics. 							
	 Prae Qua anin Qua urin Qua Qua Qua Qua Qua Qua 4 Qua 4 - 2 	 → Practical course: → Qualitative determination of DNA in the tissue sample of the experimental animal(s); → Quantification of the urea, acidum uricum, creatinine in human plasma and urine samples; → Quantification of bilirubin in human serum; → Quantification of electrolytes in human serum; → Qualitative and quantitative analyzes of urine samples; → 4 - 20 % SDS-PAGE as a technique of the separation of proteins in urine. 							
12.	Methods of studying: : class room oriented lectures, interactive lectures, group work, practical training, seminar paper.								
13.	Total no. of hours:				180 hours				
14.	Distribution of the available time			ne					
15.	Type of edu activity	ucational	15.1	Lectures course	-theoretical	30 hours			

			15.2	Practicals (laboratory,	39 hours + 6 hours of			
				clinical), seminars, team work	Seminars			
16.	16. Other types of activities		16.1	Project assignments				
			16.2	Individual tasks				
			16.3	Home studying	75 hours			
17.	Assessment of knowledge: points							
	17.1	Tests			minmax.			
			2 Continuous tests	points				
				 Test 1: Test 2	9-15 9-15			
	Final exam		Subject: Biochemistry	2				
					minmax.			
			Practical exam (Test)	9-15points				
				Oral exam	21-35 points			
	17.2	Seminar work/project (presentation: written and oral)		Seminar works	minmax. 1-3 points			
	17.3	Active participation		Theoretical course	minmax. points 1-5			
				Practical course	points 10-12			
18.	Knowledge assessment		up to 59 points	5 (five) F				

criteria:	60 to 68 points	6 (six) E
(points/grade)	69 to 76 points	7 (seven) D
	77 to 84 points	8 (eight) C
	85 to 92 points	9 (nine) B
	93 to 100 points	10 (ten) A

19.	Criteria for obtaining a signature and taking the final exam			Conditional criteria for assessment of knowledge: : In order to get a signature that the course has been successfully finished the students are requested to actively participate in the theoretical course (min 1 point) practical course (the student has to have 100% presence) and seminars (minimum 1 point).				
			In order to take the final exam the student has to fulfil the tasks for the signature as well as to pas the written exams with 60% each.					
				The test for the practical examination is independent and is passed if the student has gained 60% of the total number of the points.				
				The final score is formed according to the table from the score of total planed activities taken into account.				
20.	Language of the course			Maced	onian			
21.	Method for evaluation of the quality of education			Anonymous student's evaluation of the subject, teachers and collaborators involved in the educational activities				
22.	Literat	ure						
		Mandatory textbooks						
	22.1		Autho	r	Title	Publisher	Year	
		1	Robert K. M and all.	<i>Aerey</i>	Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry	ISBN-13: 9780071625 913	2006	
		2	David. L. N	elson	Lehninger	ISBN-13:		
					Principles of	9781464126 116		
					Biochemistry			
	Additional literatur			e				
			Author		Title	Publisher	Year	
	22.2	1	Michael Lieberman		Mark's Basic Medical Biochemistry	Lippicott Williams & Wilkins	2013	